

## Solutions for SSC Steno 2018 - Test 01

1 - A

Explanation: Except Table tennis, all other games are played either on ground or court. Table tennis is played across the table.

2 - D

Explanation: All except (D) are coastal cities.

3 - C

Explanation: In the given question, all the given alternatives are multiple of 13 but 246 is not a multiple of 13. Therefore 246 is the odd one.

4 - B

Explanation: Registrar is not related to school.

5 - B

Explanation: Apart from Tomcat, all others is a life stages of small children of either animals or human.

6 - C

Explanation: Except (951), in all others, square of the first digit of number is taken and written it's square in reverse order within the number.

Example,  $9^2 = 81 = 981$   
now reverse the last two digits we get,  
 $= 918$

7 - D

Explanation: Kiwi is the only flightless bird in the group.

8 - D

Explanation:  $\frac{(4576-8)}{2} = 2284$

$$\frac{(2284-8)}{2} = 1138$$

$$\frac{(1138-8)}{2} = 565$$

$$\frac{(565-8)}{2} = 278.5$$

$$\frac{(278.5-8)}{2} = 135.25$$

9 - C

Explanation: The series is abcba/abcba/abcba/abcba. Thus, the pattern 'abcba' is repeated.

10 - A

Explanation: The pattern of the given series is as follows-

$$10 \times 1.5 + 1.5 = 16.5$$

$$16.5 \times 2 + 3 = 36$$

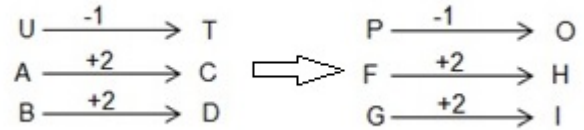
$$36 \times 2.5 + 6 = 96$$

$$96 \times 3 + 12 = 300$$

$$300 \times 3.5 + 24 = 1074$$

11 - A

Explanation:



12 - C

Explanation: The pattern of the given series is as follows-

$$14 \times 1 + 1^2 = 15$$

$$15 \times 2 + 2^2 = 34$$

$$34 \times 3 + 3^2 = 111 \quad 111 \times 4 + 4^2 = 460$$

$$460 \times 5 + 5^2 = 2325$$

13 - C

Explanation: India's top most intelligence agency is RAW. And China's most intelligence agency is MSS (Ministry of state security).

14 - B

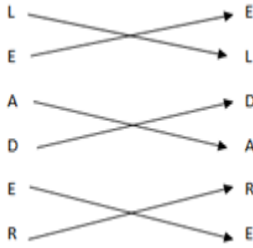
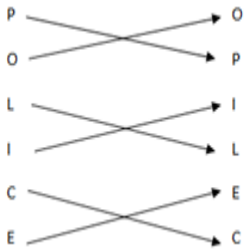
Explanation: As Tiger is the national animal of India, similarly Snow Leopard is the national animal of Afghanistan.

15 - A

Explanation: India's national bird is the peacock as Bald Eagle is the national bird of America.

16 - A

Explanation: The sequence of letters given is given below, which is the way:



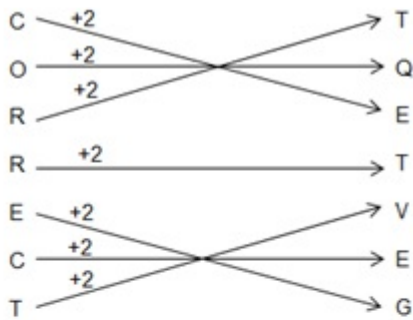
same as,

17 - A

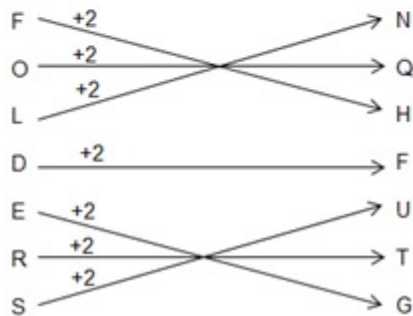
Explanation:Stick is related to Punish, same as Award is related Pass.

18 - A

Explanation:the pattern is as follows:-



Similarly,



19 - A

Explanation:Each letter in the first word is coded as its opposite letter as per English alphabetical order in the second word.

20 - B

Explanation:

⇨ TIME - (opposite letters) G R N V = 7+(1+8)+(1+4)+(2+2) = 7 + 9 + 5 + 4 = 25  
 7 18 14 22  
 ⇨ TALK - (opposite letters) G Z O P = 7+(2+6)+(1+5)+(1+6) = 7 + 8 + 6 + 7 = 28  
 7 26 15 16

21 - C

Explanation:PRIME NUMBER IS MULTIPLID BY 9.

22 - C

Explanation:FARE, FEAR

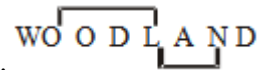
23 - C

Explanation:By checking the respective number for each letter of the given word 'TRAIN' in the Matrix we get the number set as -T= 76, R= 98, A= 34, I= 77, N= 79

24 - A

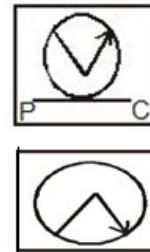
Explanation:There is only one 'L' in LIBERATIONIST while there are two Ls in the word LIBERAL.

25 - B



Explanation:

26 - B



Explanation: answer figure (B).

The correct mirror image is

27 - B

Explanation:After changing the word GOLIATHS will be F P K J B S G R  
 The new word will be in alphabetical order  
 B F G J K P R S  
 sO. Sixth letter from left =P

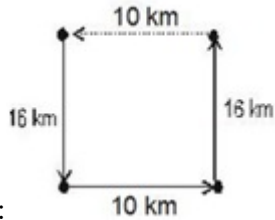
28 - D



Explanation:

The correct answer figure is (D).

29 - C



Explanation:

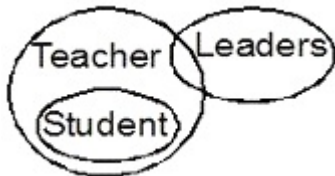
30 - A

Explanation: The letters of the word are written in a reverse order and then the letters of the second and fourth pairs from the end of the word so formed are reversed in order, to obtain the code. Thus, the code for POPULARISE is ESRIALPUOP.

31 - D

Explanation: As per the given diagram, it is very clear that only 2 is in all the three figures.

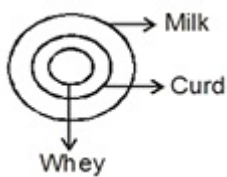
32 - C



Explanation:

As per the above Venn diagram, conclusion I and III both are true as it is a definite case however conclusion II is not true as it is not a definite case. Therefore, only both I and III follow.

33 - A



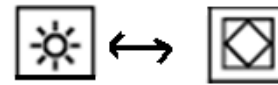
Explanation:

34 - C



Explanation:

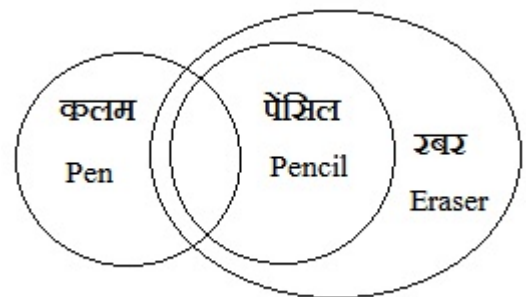
35 - D



Explanation:

The diagram above shows the opposite pairs. Since, opposite face cannot be on adjacent side therefore, figure that will be formed when the question figure is folded into a box made option (D).

36 - C

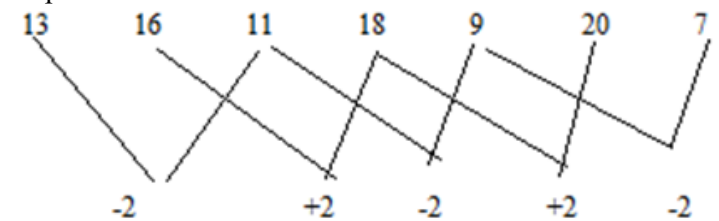


Explanation:

Neither conclusion (I) nor conclusion (II) follows.

37 - D

Explanation:

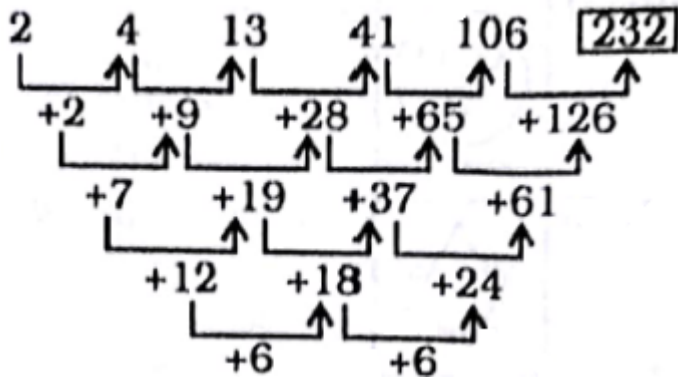


38 - D

Explanation: The numbers are arranged such that in corresponding sectors, numbers are formed by reversing the digits like 65 and 56. So, The number 27 fits in place of ?.

39 - D

Explanation: Here is the following pattern



40 - D

Explanation: Here is the following pattern

$$1357 + 1728 (= 12^3) = 3085$$

$$3085 + 2197 (= 13^3) = 5282$$

$$5282 + 2744 (= 14^3) = 8026$$

$$8026 + 3375 (= 15^3) = 11401$$

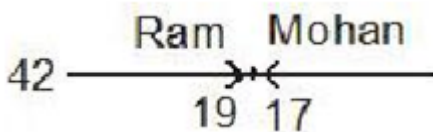
41 - B

Explanation: 2. Infant, 4. Crying, 1. Mother, 3. Milk, 5. Smiling

42 - B

Explanation: Students line up in a queue in which Ram stands fifteenth from the left =  $15^{th}$   
 Sakashi is seventeenth from the right =  $17^{th}$ .  
 After interchanging their places, Sakashi would be 15th from the left and 23rd from right end  
 So total number of students are =  $23 + 15 - 1 = 37$

43 - D



Explanation:

Mohan's rank from the left =  $19 + 6 + 1 = 26$

44 - D

Explanation: ----- < ----- < Hitesh < Bharat < Nitin  
 Hence Nitin has the maximum height.

45 - A

Explanation: The letter series is cab, bac, cab, bac

46 - B

$$1245 - 1235 = 10 = 10 \times 2^0$$

$$1265 - 1245 = 20 = 10 \times 2^1$$

$$1305 - 1265 = 40 = 10 \times 2^2$$

$$1385 - 1305 = 80 = 10 \times 2^3$$

$$1385 + 10 \times 2^4 = 1385 + 160 = 1545$$

47 - C

Explanation: In every letter 5 added.  
 Then for next word add 4.  
 Thus all words completed.

48 - C

Explanation: Central circle contains number square of total of numbers in rest of the circles.

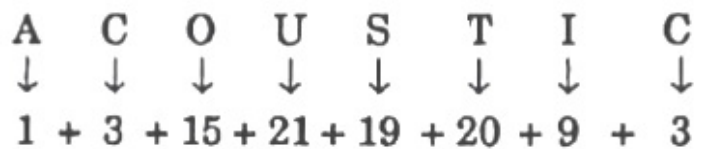
$$9 + 8 = 17^2 = 289$$

$$1 + 4 + 2 + 6 = 13^2 = 169$$

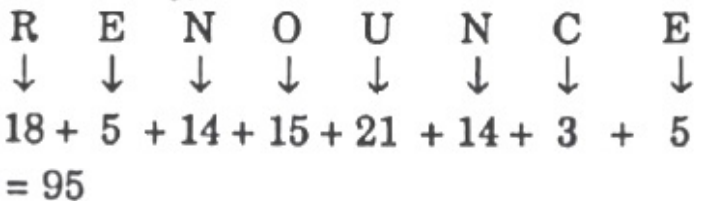
$$5 + 7 = 12^2 = 144$$

49 - A

Explanation: Here is the following pattern



Similarly,



50 - B

Explanation: Difference 16 and 27 respectively.  $16 + 16 = 32$   
 $32 + 27 = 59$   $59 + 16 = 75$   $75 + 27 = 102$   $102 + 16 = 118$

51 - C

Explanation: Antibiotics are administered in certain diseases with the object to inhibit the growth of bacteria refers to drugs that are used to treat infectious diseases in humans, animals or plants work by inhibiting the growth of or killing microorganisms causing the disease.

52 - A

Explanation: Tej kadam is a joint statement issued between India and Kazakhstan during Prime Minister Modi visit to the country.

53 - A

Explanation: Madhya Pradesh The Mandla National fossils Park is situated in Dindori district of Madhya Pradesh.

54 - B

Explanation: The Government of India launched the Modified Special Incentive Proposal Scheme (M-SIPS) to promote expansion of manufacturing, diversification and modernization in the Electronic System Design and Manufacturing (ESDM) sector. The scheme has a provision of providing 20% subsidy for investments in capital expenditure within SEZs and 25% in non-SEZs.

**55 - B**

Explanation: The potato is a starchy, tuberous crop from the perennial nightshade *Solanum tuberosum*. The word "potato" may refer either to the plant itself or to the edible tuber. It is a stem.

**56 - A**

Explanation: Doctor's Day in India was established by the Government of India in 1991 to be recognized and celebrated every year on 1st of July as National Doctors day. It is celebrated on 1st of July on the birth and death anniversary of the most famous physician of India Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy (Dr. B C Roy) to pay lots of honor and tribute. He was honored with the great Indian civilian award called Bharat Ratna on 4th of February in 1961.

**57 - B**

Explanation: The Kendriya Hindi Samiti was constituted in the Year 1967. It is chaired by the Prime Minister. It is the apex policy making body for the propagation and progressive use of Hindi as Official Language of the Union.

**58 - D**

Explanation: The Godavari Maha Pushkaralu, which started on July 14, occurs once in 144 years. The next such event will take place in 2159. Maha Pushkaralu is also known as Maha Kumbh of the South.

**59 - A**

Explanation: Penicillin was discovered in London in September of 1928 by Scottish scientist, Dr. Alexander Fleming. Penicillin (PCN or pen) is a group of antibiotics which include penicillin G and penicillin V

**60 - C**

Explanation: Russian cosmonaut Gennady Padalka has set a Guinness World Record for spending longest time in space with a total of 804 days as on July 2015. With this he broke the previous record of 803 days, nine hours and 41 minutes set by Russian cosmonaut Sergei Krikalev (now retired. across six missions from 1998 to 2005.

**61 - B**

Explanation: The father of Economics is Adam Smith

**62 - A**

Explanation: The Global Financial Stability Report (GFSR) is a survey by the IMF staff published twice a year, in the spring and fall. The report draws out the financial ramifications of economic issues highlighted in the IMF's World Economic Outlook (WEO).

**63 - C**

Explanation: Deflation in economics is defined as the fall in general level of prices whereas the rise in the prices is known as Inflation

**64 - D**

Explanation: DNA fingerprinting is considered to be a sure and best method to identify the real culprit involved in crimes, such as murder, rape etc. It is also used to find to the original background and historical migration of a particular racial group.

**65 - C**

Explanation: The SDR was created as a supplementary international reserve asset in the context of the Bretton Woods fixed exchange rate system. The SDR serves as the unit of account of the IMF and some other international organizations.

**66 - B**

Explanation: Cluster based approach to lending is intended to provide a full-service approach to provide what is needed by the MSE (medium and small enterprises) sector which may be achieved through extending banking services to recognized MSE clusters.

**67 - C**

Explanation: Credit Information Bureau of India. Limited is India's first Credit Information Company founded in August 2000. CIBIL collects and maintains records of an individual's payments pertaining to loans and credit cards. These records are submitted to CIBIL by member banks and credit institutions, on a monthly basis.

**68 - D**

Explanation: Foreign indirect investment (FII) is purchasing of stocks of a company registered in a country outside of the one in which the investor is residing.

**69 - A**

Explanation: Lali gurans With reference of the newly adopted constitution of Nepal, the list of national symbols of Nepal are A. National Bird: Himalayan monal (*Lophophorus impejanus*). B. National Flag: World's only non-quadrilateral national flag. C. National Emblem: Coat of arms. D. National Dress: Daura-Suruwal. e) National Anthem: Sayaun Thunga Phool Ka. f) National Animal: Cow. g) National Flower: Rhododendron (or lali gurans). h) National Language: Nepali.

**70 - C**

Explanation: Turkish languages is not one of the official languages of United Nations, Arabic, Spanish, Russian, English, French, Chinese are 6 languages of United Nations.

**71 - C**

Explanation: The Bharatiya Jana Sangh was started by Syama Prasad Mukherjee in Delhi with Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh, as its political arm, and to be a nationalistic alternative to the Indian congress. Its ideology was centred on Hindutva.

**72 - A**

Explanation: 28 cultural, 7 natural and the Khangchendzonga national park are the Indian sites of UNESCO world heritage.

**73 - B**

Explanation: Till date there have been only 7 deputy prime ministers in India. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel was the first and L.K. Advani was the last deputy P.M of India.

**74 - A**

Explanation: Outside Asia, Hindi is an official language of Fiji

**75 - B**

Explanation: The 'India by the Nile' festival is celebrated in Egypt

**76 - B**

Explanation: During the invasion of Mohammed Bin Kasim in AD 712 many Hindus in Sindh were converted to Islam through questionable means. All of them were reconverted to Hinduism on the authority of Deval Smriti written by Deval Rishi. Deval Smriti writes down rules for reconversion into Hindu fold of the Hindus forcibly converted into Islam if someone showed his or her desire to be reconverted to Hinduism with due atonement.

**77 - A**

Explanation: The Delhi Sultanate : The Slave Dynasty: Iltutmish (1210-1236 AD) was the third ruler of the Mamluk dynasty of Delhi of Turkic origin. He constituted a corps of 40 loyal slaves known as Turkans-i-Chihalgani. A select body of Turkish nobility originally slaves of Iltutmish which came into existence during the period of Iltutmish to be destroyed by Balban later.

**78 - B**

Explanation: Khanqah, zawiyahs, or tekke is a building designed specifically for gatherings of a Sufi brotherhood,

or tariqa, and is a place for spiritual retreat and character reformation. Thus, it is the place where Sufi Mystics lived.

**79 - B**

Explanation: Muhammad Ghori is known to have adopted the seated goddess Lakshmi type of the coins of Gahadavalas for circulation in the Gahadavala territories. He got stamped the figure of Goddess Lakshmi on his coins and had his name inscribed in Nagari Characters.

**80 - A**

Explanation: The national anthem of India was first sung in the Calcutta Session of the Indian National Congress on December 27, 1911 and it was officially adopted by the Constituent Assembly as the Indian national anthem on January 24, 1950.

**81 - C**

Explanation: Heart is devoid of voluntary muscle

**82 - A**

Explanation: When pollen grain is transported by wind then this is called anemophily.

**83 - B**

Explanation: Photosynthesis takes place inside plant cells in small things called chloroplast. All green parts of a plant contain chloroplasts. The plant cells which contain chloroplasts are usually parenchyma cells, though chloroplasts can also be found in collenchyma tissue.

**84 - D**

Explanation: Unit of magnetic induction is Tesla. Decibel is the unit of attenuation.

**85 - B**

Explanation: Permanent magnets are magnets retain their magnetism once magnetized. There are typically four categories of permanent magnets: neodymium iron boron (NdFeB), samarium cobalt (SmCo), alnico, and ceramic or ferrite magnets.

**86 - C**

Explanation: The intensity of a sound wave depends on the pressure of the wave, density of the medium and speed of sound in the medium. Higher density and higher sound speed both give a lower intensity.

**87 - B**

Explanation: Transformers are devices used in electrical circuits to change the voltage of electricity flowing in the circuit. Transformers can be used either to increase the voltage or decrease the voltage

**88 - A**

Explanation: The reason for a swimming pool to appear less deep than the actual depth is refraction. Refraction is the change in direction of wave propagation due to a change in its transmission medium. The phenomenon is explained by the conservation of energy and the conservation of momentum.

**89 - A**

Explanation: To make sure that Rajya Sabha doesn't amend the bill by adding some non-money matters (known as Financial Bill), the Speaker of the Lok Sabha certifies the bill as a money bill before sending it to the upper house, and the decision of the Speaker is binding on both the Houses.

**90 - B**

Explanation: An arithmetic logic unit (ALU) is a combinational digital electronic circuit that performs arithmetic and bitwise operations on integer binary numbers. This is in contrast to a floating-point unit (FPU), which operates on floating point numbers.

**91 - A**

Explanation: Spreadsheet files store data in cells, which are organized into rows and columns. Each cell may contain a certain type of data, such as a text string, number, or date. Cells may also contain formulas, which reference other cells. Common spreadsheet file extensions include .xlsx, .ods, and .NUMBERS.

**92 - B**

Explanation: Sodium bicarbonate, commonly known as baking soda, is a chemical compound with the formula  $NaHCO_3$ . It is a salt composed of sodium ions and bicarbonate ions. Sodium bicarbonate is a white solid that is crystalline but often appears as a fine powder.

**93 - C**

Explanation: Red lead is commonly known as Sindoor. Red Lead is a bright red to orange, red powder which is used in making Lead glass and red pigments; paint made with Red Lead is commonly used to protect iron and steel from rusting. Chemically, Red Lead is Lead tetra oxide ( $Pb_3O_4$ ), a water-insoluble compound that is prepared by the oxidation of metallic Lead or of litharge.

**94 - C**

Explanation: Extensometer is used for measuring the deformation of a material under stress. Seismometer is used to measure motion of the ground, caused by an earthquake, a volcanic eruption or the use of explosives. Fathometer is used to measuring the ocean depth. Hyetometer is used to measure rainfall.

**95 - A**

Explanation: The first modern photoflash bulb (or flashbulb) was made by Austrian Paul Vierkotter, who used magnesium coated wire in an evacuated glass globe. It was later determined that aluminum foil in a low pressure oxygen atmosphere worked even better, and was cheaper to produce.

**96 - B**

Explanation: The Digital Radio for All Round Table Conference was inaugurated by M Venkaiah Naidu, the ex-Union Minister for Information & Broadcasting. The purpose of the conference is to stimulate the interests of the key Indian stakeholders in the public phase launch of the project to digitize radio in India.

**97 - D**

Explanation: Six MPs have received 'Sansad Ratna', whereas former Karnataka Chief Minister and senior Congress leader M Veerappa Moily has got a special award to lead the Parliamentary Standing Committee on Finance (Finance). Five MPs from Maharashtra and one MP from Odisha won the Best Parliamentary Performance Award given by Chennai-based NGO Prime Point Foundation.

**98 - C**

Explanation: Sports journalist Boria Majumdar has highlighted many untimely aspects related to the Indian cricket team in his book 'Eleven Gods and A Billion Indians'. Majumdar has given place to many entertaining and important tales within and outside the field in his book.

**99 - C**

Explanation: P. Radhakrishnan inaugurated Third Global Procurement Summit in New Delhi.

**100 - C**

Explanation: A software bug is an error, flaw, failure or fault in a computer program or system that causes it to produce an incorrect or unexpected result, or to behave in unintended ways.

**101 - B**

Explanation: The preposition 'to' doesn't satisfy the verb 'angry'. 'with' should be used with angry to complete the meaning. If directed at a person "angry with" should always be used. If directed at a situation I believe "angry at" would also be acceptable. Hence correct sentence is "Her mother is angry with and indifferent to me".

**102 - B**

Explanation:remove “for” from this part because order is a transitive verb and it takes an object right after its use.

### 103 - B

Explanation:The correct phrase is ‘cope with’ which refers to endure someone or something; to manage to deal with someone or something. "Cope” is an intransitive verb meaning to deal with something well, despite or in the face of some difficulty. Synonyms are “contend with”, “get by”, “grapple with”, “make do” and “manage”. E.g. I don't think I can cope with any more trouble

### 104 - D

Explanation:No error

### 105 - B

Explanation:'rich enough' should be used as per the rule "adjective+Noun/Pronoun" and "Enough" is a pronoun.

### 106 - C

Explanation:'toiling hard' should be used because we need an adjective here i.e; we use 'hard' in place of the adverb 'hardly'. For example - They have been **toiling hard** for this event and in fact, they used to stay back after office hours to practice.

### 107 - A

Explanation:**At the time** when the building collapsed all the people in the building were fast asleep. 'At' should be used because it's referring to some specific time.

### 108 - B

Explanation:The correct phrase is ‘ascended the throne’ which means to become king or queen.

### 109 - B

Explanation:The Prince came to the throne at a very early age.  
came to- to come to be; develop or grow into  
came across-To meet or find by chance  
came upon-To discover or meet by accident.  
came over-To change sides, as in a controversy.

### 110 - D

Explanation:The sentence is correct.

### 111 - C

Explanation:'Neglected' means not receiving proper attention; disregarded, which is contextually appropriate for the blank. 'Discarded' - get rid of (someone or something) as no longer useful or desirable. 'Disposed' - inclined or willing. 'Detested' - dislike intensely.

### 112 - C

Explanation:Option (c) ‘on’ is the correct answer. ‘To put/cast a spell on someone’ is a phrase, which means to use, or to be affected by magical or supernatural powers. The other options do not fit in the given context and will hence make the sentence incorrect.

### 113 - D

Explanation:'Polished' means make the surface of (something) smooth and shiny by rubbing it. And this is the most appropriate word which can fill the blank contextually correct. Scoured: clean or brighten the surface of (something) by rubbing it hard, typically **with an abrasive or detergent**.

### 114 - B

Explanation:'Mitigate' refers to make (something bad) less severe, serious, or painful. Diffuse - spread over a wide area or between a large number of people. Condemn - express complete disapproval of; censure. Suppress - forcibly put an end to.

### 115 - B

Explanation:Troupe’ refers to a company, band, or group of singers, actors, or other performers, especially one that travels about. ‘Troop’ refers to a general collection of people and things. ‘Taupe’ means a moderate to dark brownish gray, sometimes slightly tinged with purple, yellow, or green and ‘tope’ means to drink alcoholic liquor habitually and to excess. Hence, option (B) fits well in the sentence.

### 116 - D

Explanation:ERADICATE: to remove or destroy utterly; extirpate:  
Eg: to eradicate smallpox throughout the world.  
Uproot: to remove violently or tear away from a native place or environment:  
The industrial revolution uprooted large segments of the rural population. Condemn - express complete disapproval of; censure.

### 117 - A

Explanation:DROWSY: sleepy and lethargic, Sluggish; Irritable: having or showing a tendency to be easily annoyed.  
Energetic: showing or involving great activity or vitality.  
Dizzy: the term dizziness is imprecise, it can refer to vertigo, presyncope, disequilibrium, or a non-specific feeling such as giddiness

### 118 - B

Explanation:Glib - slick, pat, neat, plausible, silky, smooth-talking, fast-talking. Indifferent - having no particular interest or sympathy; unconcerned.



**119 - D**

Explanation: Carcinogens - substances that can cause cells to become cancerous, malignant

**120 - B**

Explanation: GREGARIOUS means (of a person) fond of company; sociable. Jovial - cheerful and friendly. reclusive - avoiding the company of other people; solitary.

**121 - B**

Explanation: REPRESSION: the action of subduing someone or something by force.

"students sparked off events that ended in brutal repression"

Regeneration: In biology, regeneration is the process of renewal, restoration, and growth that makes genomes, cells, organisms, and ecosystems resilient to natural fluctuations or events that cause disturbance or damage.

Agitation: a state of anxiety or nervous excitement.

"she was wringing her hands in agitation" Liberation - the act of setting someone free from imprisonment, slavery, or oppression; release.

**122 - A**

Explanation: Disconsolate means sad beyond comforting; incapable of being consoled; hence, Joyous is the opposite. Unprejudiced - not having or showing a dislike or distrust based on fixed or preconceived ideas. Prominent - important; famous.

**123 - B**

Explanation: Option(B) is correct

Meager means lacking in quality or quantity

Copious means present in large quantity, or abundant

Generous means showing a readiness to give more of something, especially money, than is strictly necessary or expected.

**124 - A**

Explanation: Allure means the quality of being powerfully and mysteriously attractive or fascinating, therefore, its opposite will be Repulsion that means a feeling of intense distaste or disgust. Entice - attract or tempt by offering pleasure or advantage.

**125 - C**

Explanation: Lethal means deadly so its opposite is Life-giving. Fatal - causing death. Substandard - below the usual or required standard. Noisy - making or given to making a lot of noise.

**126 - A**

Explanation: To set the Thames on fire means to do wonderful or exciting things; to cause a great or

remarkable sensation in the world; to be extremely exciting, popular, famous, renowned, etc. E.g. When she was a child, Janet dreamed of setting the Thames on fire as a famous actress.

**127 - D**

Explanation: To be a good Samaritan means A person who selflessly helps others, especially those in distress. E.g. Brad was hailed by the newspaper as a good Samaritan after he stepped in and helped a woman who was being robbed.

**128 - C**

Explanation: Meaning of "Bend over backwards" is – "make every effort to achieve something, especially to be fair or helpful".

**129 - C**

Explanation: Meaning of "Touch and go" is – "If a situation is touch-and-go, it is uncertain."

**130 - B**

Explanation: Nail your colours to the mast - To refuse to cease or surrender. Example - We will nail our colours to the mast and fight on—they will never capture us! We're going to have a tough time beating this team now that they are playing with such determination. I fear they've nailed their colours to the mast.

**131 - B**

Explanation: The given sentence is in passive voice and to change into active voice the rule is - Active voice - S + should + V1 + O Passive voice - O + should + be + V3 + S

**132 - C**

Explanation: The given sentence is in simple present tense, thus the structure is:- S + V1 + O (active voice) O + is/am/are + V3 + S (passive voice)

**133 - D**

Explanation: To change a sentence in Active/Passive in case of modals the rule is - S + should + V1 + O (active voice) O + should + be + V3 + S (passive voice)

**134 - D**

Explanation: The given sentence is in present indefinite tense and the rule is - Active voice - S + V1 + O Passive voice - O + is/am/are + V3 + S

**135 - A**

Explanation: the given sentence is in the form of the "to-infinitive" thus the rule is - to + V1 (active voice) to + be + V3 (passive voice)

**136 - B**

Explanation: Questions starting with what, why, where, when, who, whom etc are known as 'wh' questions. Normal structure of 'wh' questions in active voice is 'Wh' word + auxiliary + subject + verb + object? (Active Voice). While changing the sentence into passive, this structure becomes 'Wh' word + auxiliary + subject + V-3 + by + agent? (Passive Voice).

**137 - B**

Explanation: The given sentence is in present indefinite tense and the rule is - Active voice - S + V1 + O. Passive voice - O + is/am/are + V3 + S.

**138 - B**

Explanation: For modals the rule of active/passive is - Active voice - S + should + V1 + O. Passive voice - O + should + be + V3 + S.

**139 - B**

Explanation: The given sentence is in present indefinite tense and the rule of active/passive is - Active voice - S + V1 + O. Passive voice - O + is/am/are + V3 + S.

**140 - B**

Explanation: The rule for modals in case of active/passive is - Active voice - S + must + V1 + O. Passive voice - O + must + be + V3 + S.

**141 - D**

Explanation: XY form a pair as they form a meaningful phrase 'concomitant of the sensation'. Z immediately follows the introductory statement.

**142 - D**

Explanation: To form a coherent paragraph, after "As society becomes more affluent" the next sentence would be the sentence labeled as Z according to the meaning. So, the most logical order of the sentence to form a coherent paragraph is ZXY.

**143 - A**

Explanation: To form a coherent paragraph, after "Arab oil flows freely or not" the next sentence would be the sentence labeled as X according to the meaning. So, the most logical order of the sentences to form a coherent paragraph is XZY.

**144 - D**

Explanation: Statement 1&2: R&P make a logical pair as they are related according to the context. Similarly, Statement 3&4 are also related and form a logical pair.

**145 - C**

Explanation: ADBC is the correct sequence. Opening sentence is 'A' which introduces the topic of discussion of the above complete paragraph. Then comes the sentence 'D' which discusses the previous decisions of Narendra Modi on Planning Commission and expectations from the 'NITI Aayog'. Sentence 'B' follows 'D' which tells about the five year plans related to planning commission and the new three action plan. Sentence 'C' tells the next step of these 3 year plans with 7 year strategy that would in turn help realise a 15-year long-term vision.

**146 - C**

Explanation: CBDA is the correct sequence.

**147 - D**

Explanation: CBDA is the correct sequence.

**148 - A**

Explanation: DBAC is the correct sequence. D and B make a logical pair and B follows D because it describes the volume given in D is equivalent to which. Now A and C correlate to each other and C follows A because A precedes sentence B so, C comes in the end.

**149 - B**

Explanation: To form a coherent paragraph, after "An 11 year boy" the next sentence would be the sentence labelled as Z according to the meaning. So, the most logical order of the sentences to form a coherent paragraph is ZXY.

**150 - A**

Explanation: PRQ is the correct option after rearranging all the sentences in a meaningful para.

**151 - A**

Explanation: Taxied refers to (of an aircraft) move slowly along the ground before take-off or after landing. Drove - operate and control the direction and speed of a motor vehicle. Wheeled - (of a vehicle or other object) having wheels to enable it to move over the ground. Hence, 'Taxied' is an appropriate answer.

**152 - D**

Explanation: The sentence is correct in its given form.

**153 - B**

Explanation: In the given sentence the phrase is working as an adjective and 'so well' is working as a determiner thus, we need a noun here, so, we use 'going' 'gerund' as a noun here.

**154 - A**

Explanation: 'Put up' is a phrasal verb which means to stay for a short time in a place that is not your home.

### 155 - C

Explanation: Been is a past participle used in the present and past perfect tenses. It follows the auxiliary verbs: has and have. He has been here for a while. We have been working. Whereas being is a present participle used in progressive verb forms. It follows the auxiliary verbs —is, are, am, was, were— and is followed by a past participle.

### 156 - B

Explanation: If you talk, you are having a conversation with other people.

Ex: They were all talking and laughing together. We were talking about you just last night.

### 157 - D

Explanation: This sentence is correct.

### 158 - C

Explanation: Corrects prepositional error and error of pronoun. 'Her' refers to 'woman' (singular). Contingent should be followed by preposition on/upon meaning dependent on/upon.

### 159 - B

Explanation: 'Pulled down' means to destroy or to demolish, which is correct as per the context of the sentence. knocked down - having such force as to strike down or overwhelm. ruptured - (especially of a pipe or container, or body parts such as an organ or membrane) break or burst suddenly.

### 160 - D

Explanation: Habit is a particular practice, custom, or usage : the habit of shaking hands.

### 161 - A

Explanation: Direct Speech: Present perfect continuous  
Indirect Speech: Past perfect continuous

### 162 - A

Explanation: To change an optative sentence as the one given, we need to change the reporting verb appropriately. Thus 'said' changes to 'prayed'. The pronoun 'me' will change to 'him'. Finally, singular verb 'take' needs to be changed to infinitive form 'to take'.

### 163 - A

Explanation: Change of adverb, pronoun and reporting verb is appropriate only in this option. A conjunction is needed to add the two clauses. 'As' is an appropriate choice for that.

The reporting verb 'said' changes to 'asked'. When the

reporting verb is in the past tense, all present tenses inside the quotation marks will change into their corresponding past tenses in indirect speech.

Thus helping verb 'is' changes to 'was'.

Words expressing nearness in direct speech are changed into words expressing distance in indirect speech.

Thus, 'now' changes to 'then'.

### 164 - C

Explanation: for "Bravo", reporting verb changes accordingly: Applauded + object + saying Structure of indirect speech in case of imperative sentences:-

a. Reporting verb is changed into tell, command or order, request, applauded - or beg or entreat or ask, forbid, according to the sense of the speech.

b. Reporting verb and Reported speech are joined by

Infinitive 'to Direct: He said to me, "Do it now"?"

Indirect: He told me to do it then.

Direct: The captain said, "Soldiers, march on".

Indirect: The captain commanded the soldiers to march on.

### 165 - D

Explanation: Structure of indirect speech in case of interrogative sentences:-

(a) Reporting verb is changed into asking or enquire of.

(b) If or whether is used as a linking word.

(c) The auxiliary verb in the reported speech is used after the subject.

(d) If the sentence begins with who, which, what, how, when, where, why etc., these are not changed and if or whether is not used. Note: The indirect speech becomes a statement and no question mark is used.

Direct: Nadim said to Nadia, "Are you reading now?"

Indirect: Nadim asked Nadia if she was reading then.

Direct: The man said to Sheila, "What is your name?"

Indirect: The man asked Sheila what her name was.

### 166 - C

Explanation: Use elimination method here and change 'don't' into 'not to' in indirect statement of reported speech. Also 'Please' is always changed into 'requested to', 'begged' or 'Pleaded' depending on the expression. Structure of indirect speech in case of imperative sentences :

a. Reporting verb is changed into tell, command or order, request - or beg or entreat or ask, forbid, according to the sense of the speech.

b. Reporting verb and Reported speech are joined by

Infinitive 'to Direct: He said to me, "Do it now"?"

Indirect: He told me to do it then.

Direct: The captain said, "Soldiers, march on".

Indirect: The captain commanded the soldiers to march on.

### 167 - B

Explanation: 'Why' will act as connector here and 'law of inversion' shall be applied while placing verb and subject after it. Present continuous will change into past

continuous which is obvious. Best method for Voice and Narration is always elimination method.

### 168 - C

Explanation: 'Please' in reported speech shall be changed into 'requested to' and also one should keep in mind the connectors used in indirect speech for imperative sentences would always be 'to'.

### 169 - D

Explanation: An imperative sentence expresses ideas such as advice, order, request, suggestion, instruction, permission, allowance etc. In order to change an imperative sentence into the indirect speech, we use a to-infinitive. A –that clause is also possible in some cases. Note that instead of 'said' we use one of the following reporting verbs: Advise, command, request, suggest, threaten, order, forbid, decree, propose, entreat, prompt, counsel, pardon, beg, persuade, instruct etc. Notes: After suggest, we use a –that clause and not an infinitive. The verb propose is not followed by an object. The verb forbid itself conveys a negative sense. Therefore, we do not use not in the following clause.

### 170 - A

Explanation: Present perfect tense of reported speech will change into past perfect tense. Structure of indirect speech in case of interrogative sentences :

- (a) Reporting verb is changed into ask or enquire of.
  - (b) If or whether is used as a linking word.
  - (c) The auxiliary verb in the reported speech is used after the subject.
  - (d) If the sentence begins with who, which, what, how, when, where, why etc., these are not changed and if or whether is not used. Note: The indirect speech becomes a statement and no question mark is used.
- Direct: Nadim said to Nadia, "Are you reading now?"  
 Indirect: Nadim asked Nadia if she was reading then.  
 Direct: The man said to Sheila, "What is your name?"  
 Indirect: The man asked Sheila what her name was.

### 171 - D

Explanation: The author believes that colors have no relevance to superiority.

### 172 - C

Explanation: Aristotle and Plato supported slavery because they thought The Greeks to be superior to barbarians.

### 173 - B

Explanation: In Haiti, Christ's statue is black and Satan's white because people there believe that All white men are evil.

### 174 - D

Explanation: Spinoza decided against votes for women because according to him they were naturally less gifted with intelligence.

### 175 - C

Explanation: 'Congenitally' means Innately

### 176 - B

Explanation: Erring refers to misbehave, do wrong, go wrong, behave badly, misconduct oneself, be bad. Thus option B is correct.

### 177 - A

Explanation: a lack of accountability on the part of civil servants.

### 178 - B

Explanation: Meaning of fantastic is extraordinary good so the opposite is 'ordinary'. Erratic refers to not even or regular in pattern or movement; unpredictable. disciplined - showing a controlled form of behaviour or way of working.

### 179 - C

Explanation: It can be inferred from the given lines of the passage "There is often a nexus between power hungry and corrupt politicians and civil servants with convenient principles. Many civil servants are only too anxious to oblige the politicians, and then cash the obligation when they need some special favour."

### 180 - A

Explanation: The given sentence is type 1 conditional and it is used to refer to the present or future where the situation is real. The type 1 conditional refers to a possible condition and its probable result. In these sentences the if/when/until (conditional) clause is in the simple present, and the main clause is in the simple future.

### 181 - B

Explanation: Basically in the sentence description of letters is given and you should take hint from preposition 'into' after blank which fits with 'fall' among given options.

### 182 - C

Explanation: Formal letters and informal letters are two types. Informal letters or personal letters mean the same.

### 183 - A

Explanation: Consist- lie, reside —usually used with in  
 Apprise- to give notice to Contain-restrain, control  
 Comprise- to be made up of

### 184 - A

Explanation:A letter is always addressed to someone which is option A.

**185 - D**

Explanation:Read the whole sentence and options given to find the best fit for the blank. Editor word is contextually matching whereas other options are poles apart to fill in the blank.

**186 - C**

Explanation:This blank is linked to previous blank hence read both the sentence together to find out the appropriate option for it.

**187 - B**

Explanation:Try eliminating the options contextually first. You will find only 1&2 left. And once you go through the further sentence you will find the hint.

**188 - A**

Explanation:Lucid- Explicit, Clear to understand Florid-glamorous, garish, flashy So it is easy to choose the word if you know the meaning and understand the style and tone.

**189 - B**

Explanation:Objective; with purpose and meaningful

**190 - D**

Explanation:This blank is linked to three previous blank and meaning of the all three is interlinked. You have to take hint from all three previous sentence which is talking about formal letters. Then only you can choose the option contextually correct.

**191 - B**

Explanation:Deeply; however all words are almost similar in meaning but not appropriate to be used in this context.

**192 - C**

Explanation:The correct option is 'covered' meaning 'put something on top of or in front of (something)'

**193 - A**

Explanation:Except option B all could be used and would be grammatically correct but contextually option A is right if we take hint from the previous sentence.

**194 - D**

Explanation:Retreated- digress, recoil, shrink back, retrograde, shrink Retracted- move back, pull back, back out Receded- draw back, pull back, withdraw Above all do not complete the meaning of the sentence neither contextually nor grammatically.

**195 - D**

Explanation:The tone of sentence expresses contradiction in Duryodhana's and decision of his mother.

**196 - B**

Explanation:Rule over is right phrase to express the actual meaning.

**197 - C**

Explanation:Grammatically 'made face of' is correct phrasal term to express the contextual meaning of the sentence.

**198 - D**

Explanation:word noble is a complete consist of all other options except word Feeble which means weak or lame that doesn't satisfy the positive tone flow of the sentence.

**199 - B**

Explanation:Praised is the best fit for the meaning that we want to give to the sentence. glorified - (of something or someone ordinary or unexceptional) represented as or appearing more elevated or special than is the case. applauded - show approval or praise by clapping.

**200 - A**

Explanation:praise, consideration & admiration however may appear grammatically correct but contextually doesn't match up to a meaningful sentence.